Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved 14 Jan 2015 Effective Date: 30 Sep 2016

Task Number: 71-9-5590

Task Title: Establish a Joint Mission Essential Task List (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the Fort Leavenworth foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

| Step Number | Reference ID | Reference Name | Required | Primary |
|-------------|--------------|--|----------|---------|
| | ADRP 1-03 | The Army Universal Task List | Yes | No |
| | JP 1 | Doctrine for the Armed Forces of the United States | Yes | Yes |

Conditions: The command is conducting operations as a Joint Task Force (JTF) or as a Combined Joint Task Force (CJTF) headquarters. The command's headquarters receives liaison, unit, and individual augmentees. The command receives an operations order from higher headquarters. The commander issues guidance on establishing a joint mission essential task list. The command establishes communications with subordinate and adjacent units and higher headquarters. The mission command system is operational and processing information. This task should not be trained in MOPP 4.

Standards: The staff, under the direction of the commander, establishes a joint mission essential task list that identifies the priority warfighting requirements based on assigned missions to focus joint force training in accordance with the joint commanders intent, orders from higher headquarters, and standard operating procedures.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

| Pla | an a | and Prepare | | E | xe | cute | | | Assess |
|--|----------|------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--|--|-----------------|
| Operationa Environmen | al nt | Training Environment (L/V/C) | % of Leaders Present at Training/Authorized | % of Soldiers Present at | External Eval | % Performance Measures 'GO' | % Critical Performance Measures 'GO' | % Leade Performa Measures | Task Assessment |
| BDE & Above | | ing nment //C) | aders ent at uthorized | oldiers ent at | ıl Eval | rmance es 'GO' | tical nance es 'GO' | % Leader Performance Measures 'GO' | essment |
| Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables | | | >=85% | 000/ | × | >=91% | | >=90% | т |
| OE Variables and Hybrid Threat) | Night | Ā | 75-84% | >=80% | Yes | 80-90% | All | | T- |
| Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables | | IAW unit CATS statement | 65-74% | 75-79% | | 65-79% | | 80-89% | P |
| and Single Threat) | Day | ant. | 60-64% | 60-74% | No | 51-64% | • | 700/ | P- |
| Dynamic and Complex (<all oe<br="">Variables and Single Threat)</all> | зу | | <=59% | <=59% | | <=50% | <all< td=""><td><=79%</td><td>U</td></all<> | <=79% | U |

Remarks: None
Notes: None
Safety Risk: Low

Task Statements

Cue: None

DANGER

Leaders have an inherent responsibility to conduct Composite Risk Management to ensure the safety of all Soldiers and promote mission accomplishment.

WARNING

Composite Risk Management is the Army's primary decision-making process to identify hazards, reduce risk, and prevent both accidental and tactical loss. All soldiers have the responsibility to learn and understand the risks associated with this task.

CAUTION

Identifying hazards and controlling risks across the full spectrum of Army functions, operations, and activities is the responsibility of all Soldiers.

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

| STEP/MEASURE | GO | NO-GO | N/A |
|--|----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. The staff, with direction from the commander, identifies mission essential tasks by: | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| a. Reviewing assigned missions. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| b. Assessing the commander's estimate to develop the concept of operations, the capabilities required to execute an assigned mission, and task assignments to subordinates. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| c. Analyzing the concept of operation to determine how to accomplish missions and assign tasks to subordinate commands and the staff. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| d. Correlating operation plans and orders to the universal joint task list to specify the tasks to perform, assign tasks to force elements, and to sequence these tasks in operational phases. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2. The staff, with direction from the commander, constructs the command joint mission essential task list by: | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| a. Assessing the contribution of each task to high priority missions. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| b. Defining the most essential tasks for inclusion. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| c. Reviewing joint mission essential tasks of subordinate commands and staff elements for inclusion. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| d. Developing a mission-to-task matrix to document the mission basis of the command joint mission essential task list. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 3. The staff defines the conditions of the operating environment that affect the performance of tasks by: | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| a. Integrating conditions not usually under the commander's control. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| b. Integrating conditions given to a commander. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| c. Integrating conditions not under friendly control. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| d. Integrating conditions that not under human control. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| + 4. The commander reviews and refines each task to establish conditions most likely to affect task performance during mission execution. | | | |
| + 5. The commander publishes standards for joint mission essential tasks based on mission requirements by: | | | |
| a. Defining quantitative measures of performance to assess varying levels of execution. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Note: Command assignment determines command-linked tasks through the determination of which specific task. | n organizatior | ns have responsi | oility for each |
| b. Developing a criterion that defines acceptable levels of performance. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| + 6. The commander establishes the command joint mission essential task list to articulate warfighting requirements for the planning, execution, and assessment phases of the joint training system. | | | |

| TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------|
| ITERATION | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | М | TOTAL |
| TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO | | | | | | | |
| TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO | | | | | | | |

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Never

MOPP 4 Statement: None

NVG: Never

NVG Statement: None

Prerequisite Collective Task(s):

| Step Number | Task Number | Title | Proponent | Status |
|----------------|-------------|---|---------------------------------|----------|
| | 71-9-5200 | Assess the Operational Situation | 71 - Combined Arms (Collective) | Approved |
| | 71-9-5300 | Prepare Plans (Division Echelon and Above [Operational]) | 71 - Combined Arms (Collective) | Approved |
| | 71-9-5400 | Control Subordinate Operational Forces (Division Echelon and Above [Operational]) | 71 - Combined Arms (Collective) | Approved |

Supporting Collective Task(s):

| Step Number | Task Number | Title | Proponent | Status |
|----------------|-------------|---|---------------------------------|----------|
| | 71-TA-5310 | Conduct Operational Mission Analysis for Theater Army | 71 - Combined Arms (Collective) | Approved |

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s):

| Step Number | Task Number | Title | Proponent | Status |
|-------------|--------------|---|----------------------------------|----------|
| | 150-LDR-5003 | Use the Mission Order Technique | 150 - Combined Arms (Individual) | Approved |
| | 150-MC-2300 | Perform Information Collection | 150 - Combined Arms (Individual) | Approved |
| | 150-MC-5111 | Conduct the Military Decisionmaking Process | 150 - Combined Arms (Individual) | Approved |
| | 150-MC-5144 | Develop a Running Estimate | 150 - Combined Arms (Individual) | Approved |
| | 150-MC-5145 | Conduct Risk Management | 150 - Combined Arms (Individual) | Approved |
| | 150-MC-5200 | Conduct Command Post Operations | 150 - Combined Arms (Individual) | Approved |

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s):

| Task ID | Title |
|----------|------------------|
| OP 5.5.9 | Report Readiness |

TADSS

| TADSS ID | Title | Product Type | Quantity |
|--------------------|-------|--------------|----------|
| No TADSS specified | | | |

Equipment (LIN)

| LIN | Nomenclature | Qty |
|------------------------|--------------|-----|
| No equipment specified | | |

Materiel Items (NSN)

| NSN | LIN | Title | Qty |
|-----------------------------|-----|-------|-----|
| No materiel items specified | | | |

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to FM 3-34.5 Environmental Considerations and GTA 05-08-002 ENVIRONMENTAL-RELATED RISK ASSESSMENT.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.